

Finance Department Government of Assam



# Highlights of BUDGET 2021-22

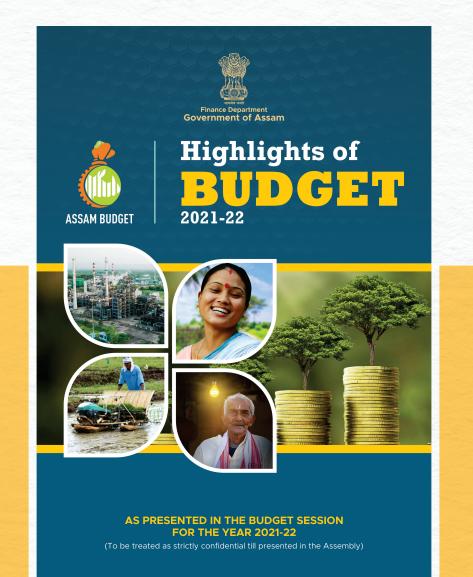


#### AS PRESENTED IN THE BUDGET SESSION FOR THE YEAR 2021-22

(To be treated as strictly confidential till presented in the Assembly)









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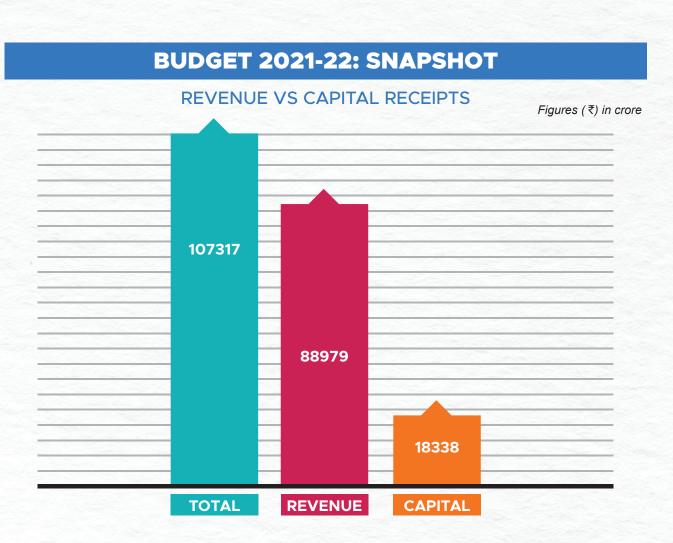
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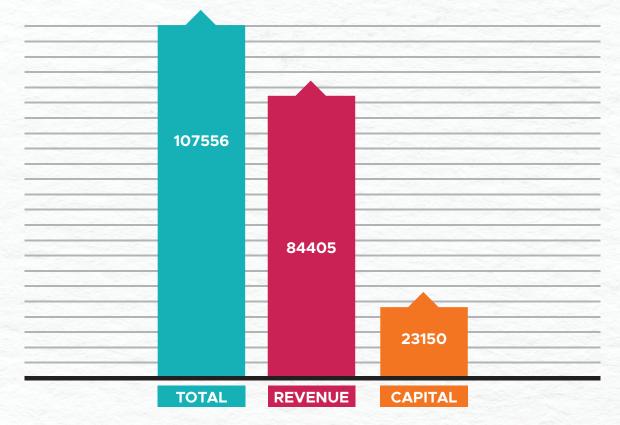


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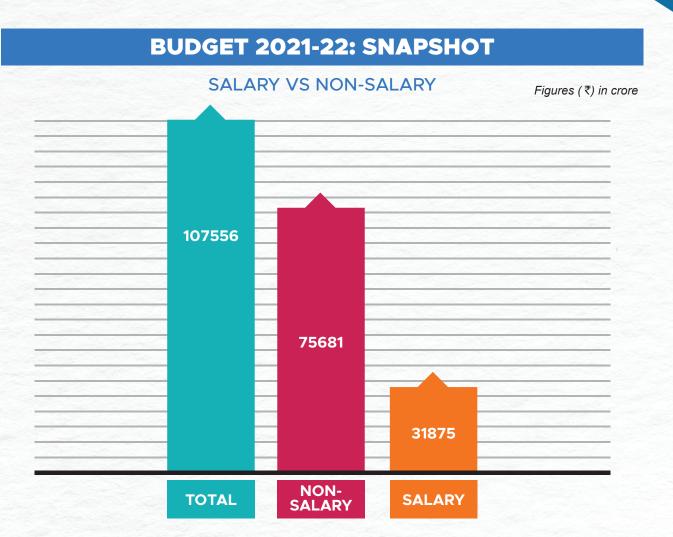
2021-22



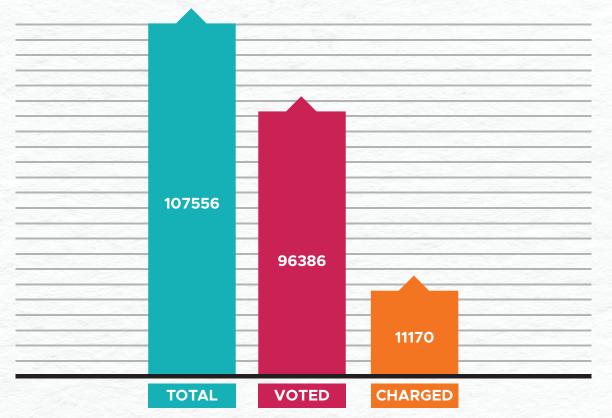
#### **REVENUE VS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**



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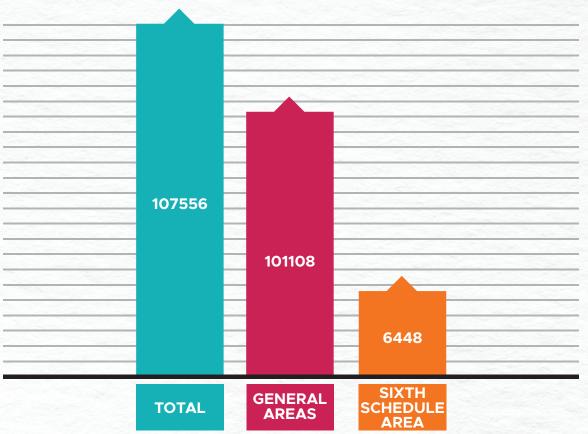


#### **VOTED VS CHARGED**

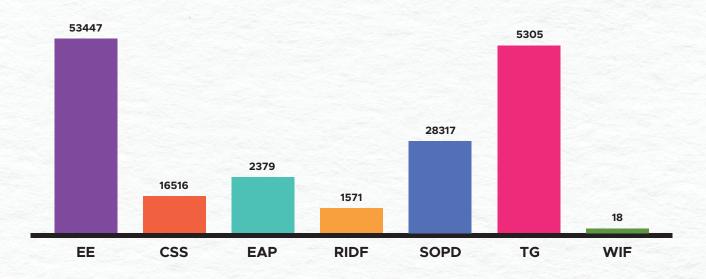




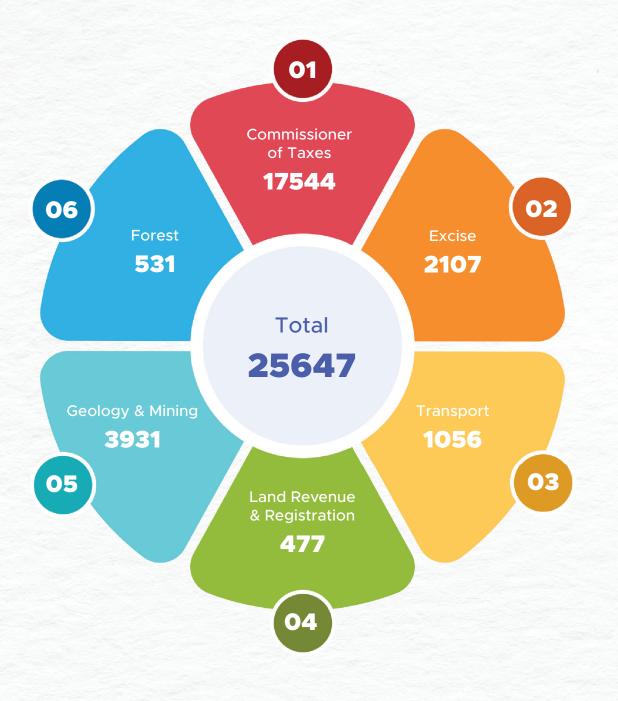
#### GENERAL AREAS VS SIXTH SCHEDULE AREA



SCHEME PLAN



#### MAJOR REVENUE EARNING DEPARTMENTS



#### SECTOR VIEW OF EXPENDITURE

	Figures (₹) in cro
Education, Sports, Art and Culture	20049
Health and Family Welfare	7397
Water Supply, Sanitation, Housing and Urban Development	7479
Social Welfare and Nutrition	4508
Agriculture and Allied Activities	5647
Irrigation and Flood Control	245
Energy, Industry and Minerals	510
Transport	975
Rural Development	529
Others	3986



#### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS 2030

(GOAL WISE ALLOCATION FOR 2021-22, ASSAM)



### **TOP 15 DEPARTMENTS BY BUDGET SIZE 2021-22**



## **DEPARTMENT WISE OVERALL BUDGET 2021-22**

SI. No.	Department	Budget
1	Administrative Reforms and Training Department	136.91
2	Agriculture Department	2340.23
3	Animal Husbandry & Veterinary	595.09
4	Assam Legislative Assembly Secretariat	166.60
5	Border Protection and Development Department	69.23
6	C.M. Secretariat	18.82
7	Co-operation Department	158.20
8	Cultural Affairs Department	151.30
9	Education (Elementary) Department	9389.54
10	Education (Higher) Department	2612.81
11	Education (Secondary) Department	5131.51
12	Education (Technical) Department	410.17
13	Election Department	172.90
14	Environment & Forest Department	730.13
15	Excise Department	72.54
16	Finance Department	18037.70
17	Fishery Department	122.62
18	Food, Civil Supplies & Consumer Affairs Department	915.07
19	General Administration Department	721.30
20	Governor Secretariat	11.26
21	Guwahati Development Department	1103.53
22	Handloom, Textile & Sericulture Department	377.19
23	Health and Family Welfare Department	7004.36
24	Hill Areas Department	2208.59
25	Home Department	5659.75
26	Industries and Commerce Department	222.55
27	Information & Public Relation Department	117.82
28	Information & Technology Department	30.65
29	Irrigation Department	1245.85
30	Judicial Department	593.54
31	Labour & Welfare Department	98.96
32	Legislative Department	17.71
33	Mines & Minerals Department	63.37
34	Panchayat & Rural Development Department	8023.70



# **DEPARTMENT WISE OVERALL BUDGET 2021-22**

SI. No.	Department	Budget
35	Parliamentary Affairs Department	1.83
36	Passport Department	0.38
37	Pension & Public Grieviences Department	7662.52
38	Personnel Department	23.18
39	Political Department	560.98
40	Power (Electricity) Department	4394.96
41	Printing & Stationery Department	41.90
42	Public Enterprise Department	1.47
43	Public Health Engineering Department	1204.36
44	Public Works (Buildings & NH) Department	988.92
45	Public Works (Roads) Department	8583.38
46	Revenue and Disaster Management Department	2809.25
47	Science & Technology Department	32.19
48	Secretariat Administration Department	453.88
49	Skill, Employment & Entrepreneurship Department	175.67
50	Social Welfare Department	2011.61
51	Soil Conservation Department	245.20
52	Sports & Youth Welfare Department	143.12
53	Tea Tribes Department	81.41
54	Tourism Department	74.25
55	Transformation & Development Department	1719.48
56	Transport Department	488.74
57	Urban Development Department	1976.17
58	Water Resources (Flood Control)	893.57
59	Welfare of Minorities Development Department	77.10
60	Welfare of Plain Tribes & Backward Classes Department	4179.25
	TOTAL	107556.28

# **ASTADASH MUKUTAR UNNOYONEE MAALA**

(18 FLAGSHIP SCHEMES)

#### I. Chief Minister COVID Relief Scheme

In order to extend the wholesome support of the Government in form of a financial assistance to the families not covered under Chief Minister's Shishu Seva Scheme or Chief Minister's COVID-19 Widow Support Scheme, an amount of ₹ 1 lakh shall be provided to the next of kin of a Covid-19 victim.

#### **II. Microfinance Incentives**

Initiatives to safeguard the economically vulnerable groups and individuals from the undue hardship of usurious interest rate and coercive means of recovery by all lenders of micro finance.

#### III. Engagement of unemployed youths

Recruitment of 1,00,000 (one lakh) educated youth of the state in Government sector.

#### IV. Orunodoi

It is one of the largest initiatives for women empowerment DBT scheme. There will be an increase in monthly amount to  $\gtrless$  1000 per family from the current financial benefit of  $\gtrless$  830 per family.

#### V. Asom Mala

An ambitious programme for the transformation of the state highways and major district road network to next generation high speed road corridors.

#### VI. Swanirbhar Naari

Scheme dedicated to the weavers of Assam who are weaving their dreams in the looms. Government has decided to procure handloom items directly from the indigenous weaver through ARTFED and AGMC. The weavers will be imparted quality training to upgrade their skills in Handloom Training Centres and Institutes.

#### VII. 1000 kilometres of embankments cum roads

In a mission of building a flood free Assam, 1000 km of embankments in Brahmaputra and Barak Valley will be strengthened and converted into road cum embankments.

#### VIII. Sonali Xaishab Bikkashit Axom

1000 model Anganwadi Centre with facility of child care will be set up. In order to make the Anganwadi Centres effective, facitilities like proper running water, sufficient light and fan will be put in place.

# IX. Affordable Nutrition and Nourishment Assistance (ANNA) Yojana and Anna Nischito Asoni

People left out from the National Food Security Act, 2013 in the urban areas like destitute / homeless who live by begging or those who are of an unsound mind, living in the slum areas on the road-sides we will provide free cooked meals with the help of reputed NGOs.



#### X. Tap drinking water connection in tea garden labour lines

In order to improve their living conditions, we will provide Functioning Household Tap Connections (FHTC) to all households living in the tea gardens of the state. This scheme will cover 805 tea gardens across Assam within a year.

#### **XI. Revitalising Agriculture**

Government of Assam proposes to constitute an Agriculture Commission under a scientist of international repute to focus on issues related to agriculture, animal husbandry, dairy sector in Assam. The Commission will study and suggest measures for achieving self-sufficiency in the field of agriculture production, milk, egg and pork production, identify constraints and devise a road map to achieve the goal in five years.

#### XII. Garukhuti Project

To provide livelihood options to indigenous youth living in that area, encompassing not only modern agriculture practices but also scientific animal rearing practices. One such experiment was at Garukhuti under Sipajhar Block in Darrang district.

#### XIII. Blue Revolution 'Sunil Biplab'

To encourage the community based fish culture by constructing village community tanks in all revenue villages of Assam. The community tanks can be used for increasing fish production through participatory fish culture. Based on this principle, ponds will be constructed on community lands. Assam has sufficient community lands and the recent experience of RIDF implementing "Ghare Ghare Pukhuri Ghare Ghare Maach" shows that fish ponds constructed on the lines of community ponds are successful in achieving socio-economic development.

#### XIV. Department of Indigenous Faith and Culture

The Government proposes to create a new Department, - Department of Indigenous Faith and Culture - for preservation and propagation of the unique languages and cultures, religious customs and rituals, attires, food habits, folk beliefs and traditions of the indigenous communities and ethnic groups of our state. Prime objective of this is to keep the tradition and heritage of small ethnic groups and communities of our state. The objective of the Department will be to keep vibrant the eternal art and culture, religious traditions, folk songs and similar other identities of each ethnic group of the state.

#### **XV. Expeditious Implementation of Special Capital projects**

In order to further expedite the administrative process and to do away with redundancy in the system, our Government has decided to do away with the ceiling process for certain schemes of utmost priority. These schemes will be regarded as State Priority Projects with faster implementation modalities, with greater devolution of administrative and financial powers directly to the implementing agencies.

#### XVI. Special assistance to small traders and artisans

Covid Pandemic affected all spheres of life. Amongst them one of the most vulnerable sectors which were affected were cottage industries, small traders and artisans. Infact, their livelihood was at stake and they were not able to pay the rent and taxes due to the lock down imposed from time to time. An one time grant will be provided to overcome the disruption due to global pandemic.



#### XVII. Smart Phone for students of class IX and X in government schools

To minimize the learning loss and bridge the digital divide, the Government has taken an innovative step to provide mobile devices to the students of class IX & X which will mitigate learning losses in respect of these under privileged students. This will act as a positive reinforcement for continuity of Education and will also act as a deterrent against dropout rate in schools. This scheme will benefit almost 8 lakhs students of class IX & X.

#### XVIII. 1000 health sub-centres will be converted to hospitals

1,000 sub centers/HWCs will be converted to Buniyadi Swasthya Kendra (BSK) where free medical consultation, diagnostics test/ medical treatment of primary diseases including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, communicable diseases shall be provided.

#### **MAJOR ANNOUNCEMENTS 2021-22**

- I. Formation of new district
- II. Chief Minister's Sishu Seva Scheme
- III. Chief Minister's COVID-19 Widows Support Scheme
- IV. Assam Cultural Complex in New Delhi
- V. Making Guwahati Hills encroachment Free
- VI. Settlement in forest areas
- VII. New Medical colleges
- VIII. Setting up of 10 Commando Battalions
- IX. Public Spaces in open area in urban areas
- X. Arundhati Gold Scheme
- XI. Social Sector Schemes
- XII. Preserving our Forest and Wildlife
- XIII. Jeevika Sakhi, Bank Sakhi, Krishi Sakhi and Pashu Sakhi
- XIV. Science and Technology use of NESAC (North East Space Application Center)
- XV. State University in Karbi Anglong
- XVI. Construction of Government Buildings
- XVII. Tejasvi Navadhitamastu Edu-Infra Funds(TNEIF)
- XVIII. District Stadium Complexes
- XIX. New Zoo at Dibrugarh and Silchar
- XX. APOL VRS to employees
- XXI. Centres of Educational Excellence
- XXII. Assam Cancer Care Foundation
- XXIII. NDFB Rehabilitation
- XXIV. Sivasagar Conservation of Heritage

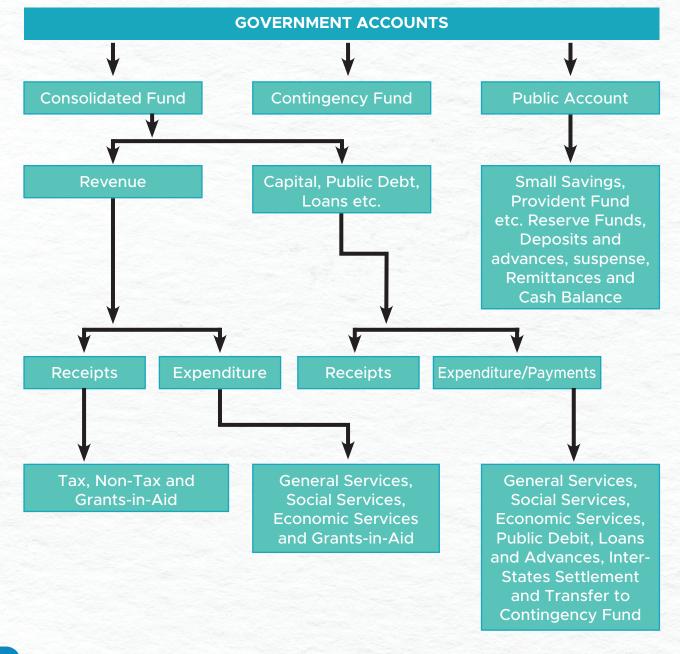


# **BUDGET: GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

**Budget:** A budget is a statement of allocation of (scarce) resources to achieve government's objectives for a specific time period. It is a financial plan for how the Government will receive and utilize resources (funds) in a particular fiscal year. A Budget supports better accountability in the use of public funds; and helps in the prioritization of public functions to which scarce resources require immediate allocations.

**Major Budget Components:** A budget is a statement of allocation of (scarce) resources to achieve government's objectives for a specific time period. It is a financial plan for how the Government will receive and utilize resources (funds) in a particular fiscal year. A Budget supports better accountability in the use of public funds; and helps in the prioritization of public functions to which scarce resources require immediate allocations.

# **STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTS**



# **TYPES OF RECEIPTS**

#### **Tax Revenue**

Comprises taxes collected and retained by the state and State's share of union taxes under Article 280(3) of the Constitution.

#### Non- Tax Revenue

Includes interest receipts, dividends, profits, oil royalty & forest royalty etc.

#### **Grants- in- Aid**

Essentially, a form of Central Assistance to the State Government from the Union Government. Includes 'External Grant Assistance' and 'Aid Material and Equipment' received from foreign governments and channelized through the Union Government. In turn, the state Governments also give Grants-in-aid to institutions like 6th Schedule Councils, Panchayati Raj Institutions, Autonomous Bodies etc.

#### **Revenue Receipts**

Revenue Receipt can be defined as those receipts which neither create any liability nor cause any reduction in the assets of the government. They are regular and recurring in nature and the government receives them in the normal course of activities.

#### **Capital Receipts**

These are loans raised by the Government from the public (these are termed as market loans), borrowings by the Government from the Reserve Bank of India and other parties through the sale of Treasury Bills, the loans received from Foreign Government and Bodies, disinvestment receipts and recoveries of loans from State and Union Territory Governments and other parties. Expenditure is classified as Revenue Expenditure and Capital Expenditure.

#### **Revenue Expenditure**

Revenue Expenditure is an amount to meet the day-to-day running of the Government departments and for rendering of various services, making interest payments on debt, meeting subsidies etc.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Capital Expenditure is an amount to create permanent assets, or to enhance the utility of such assets, or to reduce permanent liabilities. Example of capital expenditure are acquisition of assets like land, buildings, machinery, equipment, investments in shares etc.

With the merger of the Plan and Non-plan heads, we have introduced new expenditure classifications as listed below:

	Estimated Resource Pool	Consists of the Central Devolution, States Own Tax & Non-Tax	
N.N. Collins		Revenue and other sources of revenue including borrowing etc.	
12000	State Funding for Priority	Consists of the estimated resource pool excluding the former	
1921	Development (SFPD)	Non-Plan expenditure (now called as establishment expenditure	
N No N		etc.)	



State Own Priority Development Schemes (SOPD) Former State Plan scheme which includes schemes taken from State's Own resources, State Share for Centrally Sponsored Schemes/ NEC/ NLCPR/ RIDE counterpart funding for EAP et., allocations to 6<sup>th</sup> Schedule Councils, TSP and SCSP.

With the merger of the plan and NON-plan heads, we have introduced new expenditure classifications as listed bellow:

SOPD-G	Stare's Own Priority Development- General
SOPD-SCSP	Stare's Own Priority Development- SCSP
SOPD- TSP	Stare's Own Priority Development- TSP
SOPD-SS	State's Own Priority Development-State Share
SOPD-ODS	State's Own Priority Development- Other Development Scheme
CSS	Centrally Sponsored Scheme
RIDF- SS	Rural Infrastructure Development Fund- State Share
EAP	Externally Aided Projects
EAP-SS	Externally Aided Projects- State Share
TG-UL	Transfer Grants to Urban Local Bodies
TG- AC	Transfer Grants to Autonomous Councils
TG-DC	Transfer Grants to Development councils
TG-SSA	Transfer Grants to Sixth Schedule Areas
TG-EI	Transfer Grants to Educational Institution
TG-PRI	Transfer Grants to Panchayati Raj Institutions
TG-FFC	Transfer Grants to State Finance Commission Grants
TG-IB	Transfer Grants to Individual- Beneficiaries
SOPD-GSP	State's Own Priority Department-GOI Special Scheme
EE-CS	Establishment Expenditure- Central Share
RIDF-LS	Rural Infrastructure Development Fund- Loan Share
SOPD EE-SSA	Establishment Expenditure- Sixth Schedule Area
WIF-LS	Warehouse Infrastructure Fund- Loan Share
WIF-SS	Warehouse Infrastructure Fund- State Share

